

# Ocean Governance and Strategic Management

Ano Académico 2024/2025	Sónia Ribeiro
Primeiro Semestre	5.5ECTS

## **Programme**

### Part 1. Introduction

- · Course overview and learning objectives
- · Ocean studies: a matter of perspective(s)?

### Module 1: Introduction to Ocean Governance and Strategic Management

- · Basic concepts of ocean governance and strategic management
- · Importance of the ocean for the planet and for human activities
- · Current challenges facing the oceans and the need for a strategic approach

#### Module 2: Fundamentals of Ocean Governance

- · Principles and instruments of ocean governance
- · International conventions and agreements related to ocean governance
- · Role of international organizations in ocean governance
- · Legislation and national policies on ocean governance

### Module 3: Strategic Management of Marine Resources

- Blue Economy concept and its role in ocean governance
- · Sustainable exploitation of marine resources
- · Fisheries and aquaculture: challenges and sustainable practices
- · Marine mining and offshore oil and gas exploration
- · Renewable energies of the ocean: wind, tidal and ocean currents

### Part 2. Strategic dimensions

Module 4: Conservation and Protection of Marine Ecosystems

- · Importance of marine biodiversity and coastal ecosystems
- · Marine protected areas: designation, management and monitoring
- Combating marine pollution and reducing plastic waste

### Module 5: Coastal Communities and stakeholders participation in Ocean Governance

- · Coastal Communities needs challenges and opportunities
- · Stakeholder Participation in Ocean Governance
- Monitoring and Evaluation of Ocean Governance

### Part 3. Concluding remarks

Module 6: Future of Ocean Governance and Strategic Management

- · Climate change and its impacts on the oceans
- Emerging trends in ocean governance
- · Future challenges and possible solutions

### **Suggested Bibliography**

CBD Secretariat. (2020). Aichi Biodiversity Targets: Towards the 2050 Vision for Biodiversity. Convention on Biological Diversity.

CBD Secretariat. (2021). Ocean Governance: Towards the Sustainable Use and Conservation of Marine Biodiversity.

European Commission. (2020). A Sustainable Blue Economy in Europe: A Report for the European Green Deal.

European Commission. (2022). EU Blue Economy Report 2022. European Commission.

FAO. (2018). The State of World Fisheries and Aquaculture.

FAO. (2020). The State of World Fisheries and Aquaculture 2020: Sustainability in Action. Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations.

IPCC. (2019). Special Report on the Ocean and Cryosphere in a Changing Climate.

IPCC. (2021). IPCC Sixth Assessment Report: Climate Change 2021: Impacts,

Adaptation, and Vulnerability. Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.

UNEP. (2018). Marine Litter: A Global Challenge.

UNEP. (2020). Marine Plastic Pollution: The State of the Science. United Nations Environment Programme.

UNESCO. (2020). Governance of Marine Areas Beyond National Jurisdiction.

UNESCO. (2021). World Ocean Assessment III: Sustainable Development of the

Ocean: Assessment and Recommendations. UNESCO Publishing.

United Nations. (2017). The United Nations and the rule of law in oceans governance.

United Nations. (2020). United Nations Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable

Development: Implementation Plan. United Nations.

World Bank. (2019). The Ocean Economy in 2030.

World Bank. (2021). The Sunken Billions Revisited: Progress and Challenges in Global Marine Fisheries. World Bank Group.

### **Evaluation Method**

Class debates; Class analysis – 2,5% each Case studies; Short reports – 15% each

Guided Research Paper, Written test – 30% each